

TOOL FOR USE BY LICENSED OPERATORS
ONLY. OPERATOR'S LICENSE CAN BE
OBTAINED AT www.ramset.com.
READ AND OBEY ALL SAFETY AND OPERATING

INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE OPERATING TOOL.



COBRATOOL

OPERATOR'S
SAFETY & OPERATING
INSTRUCTION MANUAL



SEMI-AUTOMATIC, LOW VELOCITY, PISTON-TYPE FASTENING TOOL





DANGER



THIS TOOL IS TO BE USED ONLY BY PROPERLY TRAINED AND LICENSED OPERATORS.

YOU MUST SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE THE RAMSET TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE TOOL AND OBTAIN A CERTIFIED OPERATOR'S LICENSE BEFORE HANDLING, LOADING, OR OPERATING THIS TOOL. SAFETY TRAINING AND LICENSE CAN BE OBTAINED AT www.ramset.com

ATTEMPTING TO HANDLE OR OPERATE THIS TOOL
WITHOUT PROPER TRAINING AND LICENSING CAN RESULT IN
SERIOUS INJURY TO THE OPERATOR OR BYSTANDERS.



Operators and bystanders must wear eye and hearing protection.



Read manual before operating tool.





Never close tool with hand over fastener loading end of the tool.

A serious hand injury from penetration by the piston or a discharged fastener could result.



DANGER



Just as no one can merely read a book about driving an automobile and then hope to drive one safely, no one should attempt to use any Ramset tool without adequate, competent, personal instruction. And just as one must be licensed to drive an automobile, one must also be licensed to use a powder actuated tool. No automobile instruction book or instructor can forewarn a learner against all possibilities and emergencies, nor can Ramset instructors and printed material detail all possible conditions surrounding the use of Ramset tools and products.

Responsibility for the safe and proper use of this tool rests with the tool user and the employer.

SAFETY INTRODUCTION





SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Preparation

Acceptable Base Materials

Powder-actuated fastening is suitable for use in the following base materials only:

- Poured Concrete
- Structural Steel
- Masonry Joints (see page 8)

Never attempt to fasten into any other type of material. Fastening into other materials can cause blindness or other serious injury.

Unacceptable Base Materials

Never attempt to fasten into very hard or brittle materials such as cast iron, tile, glass, or rock of any type. These materials can shatter, causing the fastener and/or base material fragments to fly free and cause serious injury to tool operator and others.

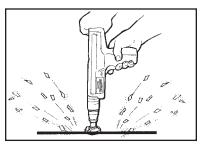
Never fasten into soft base materials, such as drywall or lumber products. These materials may allow the fastener to travel completely through and out the other side, endangering those in the path of the fastener.

Never fasten into any base material that does not pass the Center Punch test. Failure to assure the suitability of the base material can result in serious injury to the eyes or other body parts.

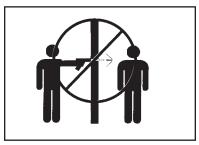
Center Punch Test

ALWAYS WEAR SAFETY GOGGLES WHEN PERFORMING THIS TEST.

- Always check the material being fastened into for hardness before attempting any fastening operation.
- Using a fastener as a center punch, strike the fastener against the work surface using an average hammer blow and check the results.



NEVER FASTEN INTO VERY HARD OR BRITTLE MATERIALS



NEVER FASTEN INTO SOFT MATERIALS SUCH AS DRYWALL

Center Punch Test Results

- If the fastener point is flattened, the material is too hard for a powder actuated fastening.
- If the fastener penetrates the material easily, the material is too soft.
- If the material cracks or shatters, the material is too brittle.
- If the fastener makes a small indention into the material, the material is suitable for fastening.



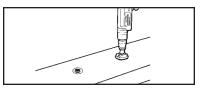


Loads and Load Selection Safety

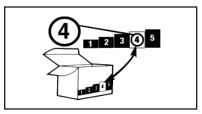
- 1. Always make a test fastening after being sure that the base material is suitable for powder actuated fastening. Failure to determine the correct power level to be used may result in the use of excessive power, allowing the fastener to pass completely through the work material, causing serious or fatal injuries to others who may be in the path of the fastener.
- Color-blind operators must always select loads by load number to prevent use of an incorrect load for the same reasons as in #1 above.

Workplace Safety

- Operators and bystanders must always wear approved eye protection and approved hearing protection.
 Failure to do so may result in blindness or serious eye injury from flying debris and loss of hearing from constant or repeated unprotected exposure to fastening noise.
- 2. Always keep the work area clear of bystanders and unnecessary materials that could interfere with safe tool operation. Operating the tool in a congested or cluttered area may affect your ability to operate the tool safely.
- 3. Never operate tool if flammable or explosive materials are nearby. Powder loads burn and create sparks when fired and could ignite these materials or fumes.
- 4. Always post warning signs within 50 ft. of the area where fastening is to be done. Sign must state: "WARNING Powder Actuated Tool In Use". Failure to warn others may result in serious injury to them. Contact Ramset at 1-800-241-5640 to obtain this sign.



ALWAYS MAKE A TEST FASTENING



COLOR-BLIND OPERATORS MUST ALWAYS SELECT LOADS BY NUMBER



KEEP WORK AREA CLEAR OF BYSTANDERS & CLUTTER



NEVER OPERATE THE TOOL AROUND FLAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS



ALWAYS POST WARNING SIGNS

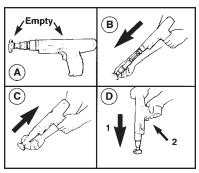




SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS _

Tool Handling Safety

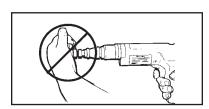
- Always be sure tool is operating properly before attempting to use it. Follow the "Daily Function Check" shown to the right and described on page 9.
- Always load tool using a strip load selected directly from a box indicating the power load type and number. Never attempt to use loose strip loads that could be misidentified.
- 3. Never carry loose strip loads in pockets with pins or other hard objects.
- Never load a tool unless you intend to immediately make a fastening. Loading a tool and leaving it unattended in the work area can result in the tool being accidentally discharged by others.
- Never place your hand or any other body part over the fastener loading end of tool. Serious hand injury can result from being struck by either a fastener or the tool piston should the tool be accidentally fired.
- Always store tool unloaded and keep the tool and the loads securely locked in a tool box. Keep keys away from children and unlicensed persons.
- 7. Always keep the tool pointed away from yourself and others.
- 8. Never carry a loaded tool around the work area.
- 9. Never allow anyone not trained to use the tool.
- 10. Never engage in horseplay with the tool.
- 11. Using the tool in poorly ventilated areas, cleaning tool or handling loads may result in exposure to lead or other substances known to cause birth defects, and other physical harm. Have adequate ventilation at all times and wash thoroughly after exposure.



ALWAYS DO A DAILY FUNCTION CHECK BEFORE LOADING THE TOOL



NEVER LOAD TOOL UNLESS IT IS TO BE USED IMMEDIATELY



NEVER PLACE HANDS OR BODY OVER MUZZLE OPENING



KEEP TOOL LOCKED & OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS _

FAILURE TO FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS CAN CAUSE INJURY TO THE TOOL OPERATOR OR TO BYSTANDERS.

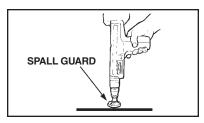
Fastener Driving Safety

- 1. Only use the tool for fastening into a suitable base material.
- 2. Never fire the tool without a fastener. Firing a tool without a fastener will cause the piston to strike the work surface, and may cause serious injury to you and others in the work area.
- Always use the spall guard whenever possible to minimize flying particles or debris.
- 4. Always hold the tool perpendicular to and firmly against the work surface when making a fastening. Failure to do so could allow a fastener to ricochet.
- 5. Never attempt to drive a fastener close to an edge or to another fastener. See page 8 for guidelines.

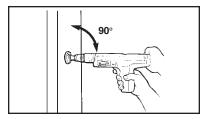
ALWAYS FOLLOW THE MISFIRE PROCEDURE.

If the tool does not fire after the normal firing sequence, continue to hold the depressed tool against the work surface for at least 30 seconds. Then carefully lower the tool, remove the strip load and put it in a can of water or other non-flammable liquid. Never carelessly discard a strip with live loads into a trash container.

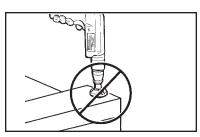
If the tool becomes stuck or jammed with a live powder load, keep the tool pointed in a safe direction, and immediately tag it, "Danger-defective-do not use". Lock the tool in a tool box and call your local Ramset distributor for assistance.



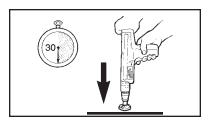
USE SPALL GUARD WHENEVER POSSIBLE



ALWAYS HOLD THE TOOL PERPENDICULAR TO THE WORK SURFACE



NEVER DRIVE A FASTENER CLOSE TO AN EDGE



HOLD TOOL FIRMLY AGAINST THE WORK SURFACE FOR AT LEAST 30 SECONDS.

FASTENERS / LOADS

Your Ramset Cobra tool uses only the Ramset fasteners and loads shown below or listed for the tool in the Product Catalog.



DANGER



Never use any other types of fasteners or strip loads in the Ramset Cobra tool. Use of other types of fasteners or loads may cause unintentional load discharge, damage the tool, cause poor fastening performance, or create a risk of serious injury to the operator or bystanders.

FASTENERS

.300 HEAD PLASTIC FLUTED DRIVE PINS



.145 Shank Diameter in Shank lengths from 1/2" to 2-1/2"

1/4" - 20 THREADED STUDS



.145 Shank Diameter in Shank Lengths of 1/2" and 1" and thread lengths of 1/2", 3/4" and 1"

8 mm HEAD TOP-HAT DRIVE PINS



.145 Shank Diameter in Shank Lengths from 1/2" to 1"

CONDUIT CLIP ASSEMBLIES



For 1/2" and 3/4" Diameter Conduit with 1" Pre-mounted Fastener .300 HEAD PLASTIC FLUTED DRIVE PINS WITH 7/8" WASHER



.145 Shank Diameter in Shank Lengths from 1" to 3"

.300 HEAD POWER POINT PLASTIC FLUTED DRIVE PINS



.150 Straight Shank in Shank Lengths from 1/2" to 7/8"

.150/.180 Step Shank in Lengths from 1" to 1-7/8"

CEILING CLIP ASSEMBLIES



Ceiling Clip with 1" or 1-1/4" pre-mounted .145 Shank Pin and Ceiling Clip with 1" or 1-1/4" pre-mounted .150/.180 shank pin.

LOADS

Ramset RS 27 strip loads are specially made for use in the Ramset Cobra Tool.



RS 27 10 SHOT STRIP LOAD

POWER LEVEL	CATALOG NUMBER	LOAD COLOR	CASE COLOR
2	2RS27	Brown	Brass
3	3RS27	Green	Brass
4	4RS27	Yellow	Brass
5	5RS27	Red	Brass

The power level of the load is indicated by the number marked on each box, the color of the box, and the color on the tip of each load. As the number increases, the power level also increases.

Always perform the center punch test described on page 3 to test the base material.

Always make a test fastening using the lowest power level first. If more power is required to set the fastener, use the next higher power level until the powder level necessary to drive the fastener is reached.

FASTENERS / LOADS

FASTENING APPLICATIONS

FASTENING APPLICATIONS

Your Ramset tool can be used for a wide range of fastening needs in a variety of base materials. Reading and following these important fastening guidelines will help you get the best results from your tool, fasteners, and powder loads, as well as help you perform these fastening operations safely and effectively.

Powder actuated fastenings are permanent fastenings so attempting to remove a fastener from concrete or steel may result in serious injury.

Fastening to Concrete

When fastening into concrete, always maintain a minimum spacing of 3" between fastenings and 3" from any free edge. Concrete thickness should be at least three times the intended penetration depth into the concrete. The primary exception to the 3" edge distance can occur in a sill plate application where, by necessity, the edge distance is reduced.

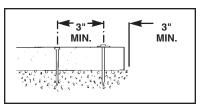
Driving fasteners too close to an edge or too close to each other can cause the concrete edge to fail or fasteners to fly free.

Fastening to Concrete Block or to Masonry Walls

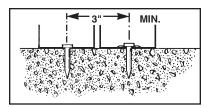
While this application is not recommended, when used, it is necessary to take care to observe a 3" edge distance to avoid cracking the block and over penetration of the fastener to avoid loss of holding value. Fastenings may be made into the horizontal joint but not into the vertical joint.

Fastening to Steel

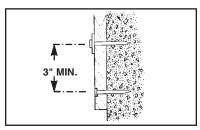
Your Ramset tool can be used for fastening on the flat surfaces of structural steel. When fastening into steel, always maintain a minimum spacing of 1-1/2" between fastenings and 1/2" from any edge.



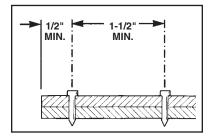
SPACING WOOD TO CONCRETE



PENETRATION – THIN GAUGE METAL TO CONCRETE



SPACING – FURRING STRIP TO CONCRETE



SPACING — STEEL TO STEEL

FASTENING APPLICATIONS

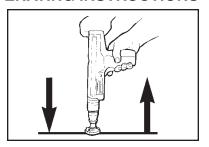
TOOL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

TOOL OPERATION

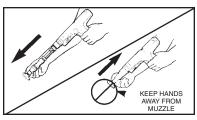
Daily Function Test
Always check the tool first to make sure it does not contain a strip load or fastener. Test the tool several times by depressing the muzzle bushing fully on a hard surface and pulling the trigger. You should hear an audible click as the firing pin releases. Let up on the tool, and check to be sure the barrel has opened to the semi-open position.

OPERATING THE RAMSET COBRA TOOL

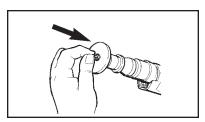
- After checking to be sure that the tool is not loaded, point it in a safe direction and be sure that the barrel is fully extended and then close the tool to the semi-closed position. This assures that the piston is in position for the next fastening. Use the spall guard every time possible to minimize the risk of being struck by flying debris.
- With finger off the trigger, place the fastener, point out, into the muzzle end of the tool until the point end is inside the muzzle. NEVER load a fastener with your finger on the trigger. DO NOT use excessive force when inserting a fastener. STOP immediately if excessive force is required, inspect the barrel to find out why the fastener is not entering the muzzle freely. DO NOT continue loading unless the problem is corrected.
- With the tool pointed in a safe direction and finger away from the trigger, insert a strip load into the bottom of the handle and push it in until your finger is in firm contact with the handle recess.



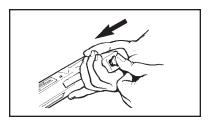
PERFORM THE FUNCTION TEST WITH EMPTY, UNLOADED TOOL



FULLY OPEN AND CLOSE TOOL TO THE SEMI-CLOSED POSITION



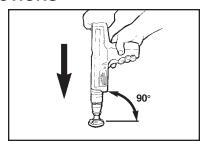
INSERT FASTENER INTO THE MUZZLE END OF THE TOOL WITH THE POINT OUT



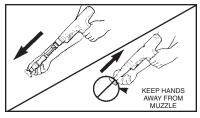
INSERT LOAD STRIP INTO THE OPENING
IN THE BOTTOM OF THE HANDLE

TOOL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS.

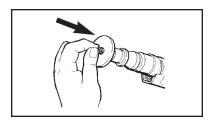
- 4. Hold the tool perpendicular (90°) to the work surface with both hands, and press down firmly to fully depress the tool. Maintain firm downward pressure on the tool with both hands and pull the trigger to drive the fastener. DO NOT DEPRESS THE TOOL AGAINST ANYTHING OTHER THAN THE INTENDED WORK SURFACE. Holding the tool firmly in place while fastening will produce more consistent fastening quality, and minimize tool wear or damage.
- After making the fastening, fully open and then close the tool to the semiclosed position. This resets the piston and indexes a new load into place for the next fastening.
- Insert another fastener in the muzzle end of the tool as before and the tool is ready for the next fastening. Keep your finger off of the trigger until the tool is in position to drive the fastener.
- 7. To remove a used or partially used load strip from the tool, pull the strip out from the top of the tool. Do not try to remove the strip by pulling it out from the bottom of the handle. **NEVER** try to remove a jammed or stuck load strip. Should a "jammed" load strip occur, call your local Authorized Ramset Distributor for technical assistance.



HOLD THE TOOL FIRMLY AND PERPENDICULAR TO THE WORK SURFACE



FULLY OPEN THE TOOL AND THEN CLOSE IT TO THE SEMI-CLOSED POSITION



INSERT THE NEXT FASTENER

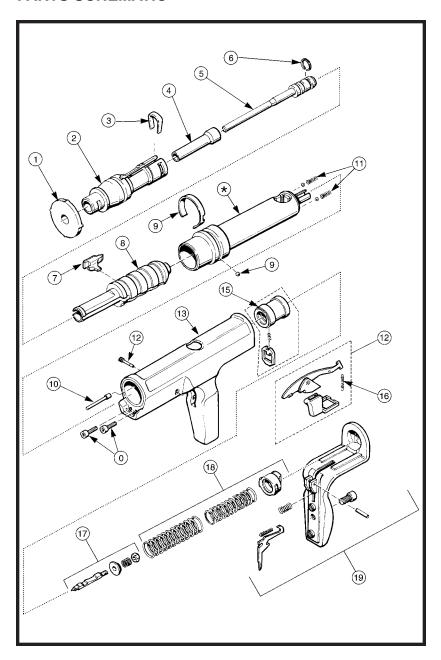


REMOVE THE LOAD STRIP ONLY FROM THE TOP OF THE TOOL

____TROUBLESHOOTING

REFER TO PARTS SCHEMATIC FOR PROPER ASSEMBLY OF PARTS

- Overdriving of fasteners	- Excessive power	Change to next lower power level load strip color and number
	Soft base material	Check base material (see page 3)
- Tool fails to fire	 Failure to depress completely 	See "Tool does not completely depress"
	Excessive dirt buildup on breech face not allowing proper penetration of firing pin	 After following misfire procedure, check firing pin indentation on load. Clean breech face
	Firing pin and/or breech damaged	- Replace damaged parts
 Tool does not completely depress 	 Misassembled or damaged parts 	Check all parts in the receiver for damage or improper assembly
 Reduction or loss of power 	Piston not being returned to the full rear position	 Barrel must be pulled completely open to properly position the piston
	 Worn or damaged piston or piston ring 	 Replace worn or damaged parts
	- Worn or broken pawl	- Replace pawl
- Tool cannot be cocked	- Excessive dirt buildup	- Clean tool thoroughly
or opened	- Damaged or bent piston	- Replace piston
	- Broken or damaged parts	Tag tool with warning "Defective—Do Not Use". Place in a locked container and contact your local Ramset representative for service
- Failure to index strip	Strip not inserted in tool correctly or is damaged	Check load strip. Properly dispose of damaged strip. (see page 6)
	Damaged indexing mechanism	Contact your Ramset Distributor for assistance
Failure of tool to stay closed when held in the downward position	- Retaining ball missing	Contact your Ramset Distributor for assistance



PARTS LIST / MAINTENANCE

COBRATOOL PARTS LIST

KEY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	SC301500	SPALL GUARD
2	SC301009	FRONT BARREL (BASEPLATE)
3	SC301011A	SHEAR CLIP (PKG. OF 3)
4	SC301010	FASTENER GUIDE
5	SC301200A	PISTON ASSEMBLY
6	SC301208	PISTON RING
7	SC301012	PAWL (STOP)
8	SC301006	REAR BARREL (PISTON SLEEVE)
9	SC301014A	BARREL RETENTION ASSEMBLY
10	SC301016	PUSH PIN
11	SC301046A	DETENT BALL ASSEMBLY
12	SC301034A	TRIGGER ASSEMBLY AND PIN
13	SC301001	TOOL BODY
14	SC301113	BOLT (2)
15	SC301300A	SEAR HOLDER ASSEMBLY
16	SC301531	SPRING, ADVANCE BAR
17	SC301400	FIRING PIN ASSEMBLY
18	SC301026A	FIRING PIN SPRING ASSEMBLY
19	SC301600	HANDLE ASSEMBLY

MAINTENANCE

IMPROPERLY MAINTAINED TOOLS CAN CAUSE SERIOUS INJURIES TO TOOL OPERATORS AND BYSTANDERS CLEAN TOOL DAILY

Always make sure tool is not loaded before performing any service or repair and always wear safety goggles when cleaning or servicing the tool.

NORMAL CLEANING

All front end parts shown in the disassembly section are to be cleaned daily with a good detergent oil and wire brush. Remove all dirt and carbon buildup and wipe parts dry with a clean rag. Check all parts for wear or damage before reassembly and replace or repair any worn or damaged parts.

COMPLETE CLEANING / GENERAL MAINTENANCE

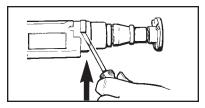
Heavy or constant exposure to dirt and debris may require that the tool be cleaned more extensively. Complete disassembly and cleaning of all parts may be necessary to restore the tool to normal operation. General maintenance should be performed every six months or more often if the tool is subjected to heavy use. Contact your authorized Ramset Distributor for assistance.

ALWAYS FUNCTION TEST THE TOOL AFTER PERFORMING ANY SERVICE. SEE PAGE 9 FOR DETAILS ON THE FUNCTION TEST.

DISASSEMBLY ___

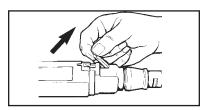
TOOL DISASSEMBLY

 Rotate the barrel retention clip off of the pawl using a flat blade screwdriver or the point of a long fastener.



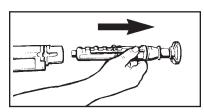
ROTATE THE BARREL RETENTION
CLIP AWAY FROM PAWL

2. Remove the pawl by lifting it up and away from the tool body.



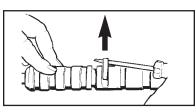
REMOVE THE PAWL

3. Slide the front barrel assembly out of the tool body.

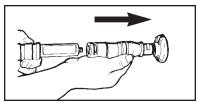


REMOVE THE BARREL ASSEMBLY

- 4. Unseat and remove the shear clip by prying it up with a flat blade screwdriver or fastener point. Remove the clip from the barrel by prying it up and away from the groove in the barrel. Use care to keep the clip from flying free when it is removed.
- 5. Separate the front barrel and guide from the rear barrel assembly.



REMOVE THE SHEAR CLIP



SEPARATE THE FRONT BARREL FROM THE REAR BARREL

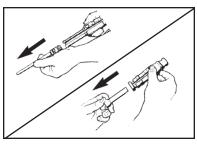
DISASSEMBLY

Slide the piston out of the rear barrel assembly and slide the guide out of the front barrel.

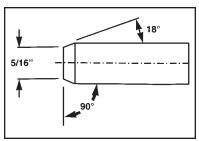
The tool is now disassembled for normal cleaning. Inspect all parts for wear or damage and clean or replace as required. Use detergent oil and cleaning brushes to remove dirt and powder residues. Wipe all parts dry before reassembly. Wear safety goggles when cleaning tool parts.

- 7. Check the piston tip for damage and grind flat. The tip of the piston must be 90° to the shank. Grinding should only be done by qualified personnel. The minimum overall length of the piston must not be less than 5-5/8" long. When less than 5-5/8" long, the piston must be replaced to avoid tool damage.
- Reassemble the tool in the reverse order of disassembly. When sliding the front barrel onto the rear barrel, align the groove in the rear barrel with the groove in the front barrel.
- Align the groove in the rear barrel with the pawl opening in the tool body when placing the barrel assembly into the tool body. Replace the pawl and install the barrel retention clip.

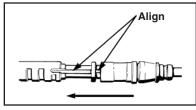
ALWAYS PERFORM THE DAILY FUNCTION TEST BEFORE USING THE TOOL AFTER CLEANING OR SERVICING.



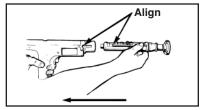
REMOVE THE PISTON AND FASTENER GUIDE



GRIND THE PISTON TIP FLAT AND BEVEL THE EDGE



ALIGN THE FRONT AND REAR BARREL GROOVES



ALIGN THE BARREL
ASSEMBLY GROOVE WITH
THE PAWL OPENING

ALL WARRANTIES OF THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSES, ARE SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDED, EXCEPT FOR THE FOLLOWING: Ramset will repair or replace, at its sole option, any tool, part, or fastener which, within 1 year after sale by Ramset, is found by Ramset to be defective in material or workmanship, normal wear and tear excluded. THIS IS THE SOLE WARRANTY OF RAMSET AND THE SOLE REMEDY AVAILABLE TO THE BUYER AND IN NO EVENT WILL ANY DIRECT OR INDIRECT INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR ANY OTHER DAMAGES, BE AVAILABLE.

Copyright 2008 Ramset



THE MODEL COBRA TOOL COMPLIES WITH OSHA REQUIREMENTS
AND WITH ANSI A10.3 SPECIFICATIONS

FOR TOOL REPAIR SERVICE CONTACT YOUR LOCAL AUTHORIZED RAMSET DISTRIBUTOR OR TO FIND YOUR NEAREST RAMSET TOOL REPAIR CENTER VISIT OUR WEB SITE AT WWW.RAMSET.COM OR CALL 800-241-5640



Concrete Fastening Systems Glendale Heights, IL 60139 800-RAMSET6 (1-800-726-7386) www.ramset.com

Buy With Confidence...
Buy From Your Authorized Distributor

AN ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS COMPANY
© ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS 2007